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STAFF NOTES:

Soviet Union Eastern Europe

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Soviet Emigration

Soviet emigration to Israel sank to a two-year low of 1,150 in January, while emigration to the US reached a record high of 120. Given the short time periods involved, however, neither figure necessarily reflects a Soviet policy shift.

One reason may be that Moscow's campaign to play up the difficulties of life in Israel is having some effect. Soviet journals, newspapers, and propaganda lecturers have been stressing Israeli economic and social problems and depicting Soviet Jews as rapidly losing interest in emigration. The January 31 issue of New Times claims that fewer than 1,500 requests for emigration to Israel remain on hand (a figure disputed by Soviet Jewish activists). A public lecturer added a pointed reminder last week that the USSR will not readmit emigrants "under any circumstances."

The Soviets may also attempt to discourage prospective emigrants by tightening exit requirements. A Moscow newspaper on February 1 denounced the issuance of invitations to emigrate sent by Israelis who falsely claim to be relatives of the Soviet recipients. Public criticism of this common subterfuge could presage an official drive to restrict emigration to cases of bona fide family reunification. The Soviets could also be contemplating action to frustrate the growing number of emigrants who disingenuously specify Israel as their intended destination to improve their chances for exit permission.

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Soviet Commercial Visitor Highlights During January

Moscow's repudiation of the 1972 US-USSR Trade Agreement had no apparent effect on Soviet commercial visitor traffic during January. Although there were 25 percent fewer visitors in January than in December (about 100, of whom 53 had been rescheduled from previous months), the total was greater than that for January 1974. There were no significant cancellations of visits already planned. The most important commercial delegation was led by Deputy Minister of the Timber and Wood Processing Industry V. F. Zaretsky; he and six other timber specialists toured US timber companies in the northwest, studying American technology and operations and exploring the possibility of bilateral timber development projects.

There were five main categories of commercial visits during the month. The automotive industry again headed the list, followed by the electronics, petrochemical, timber and ferrous metallurgy industries. Deputy Minister of the Fish Industry V. M. Kamentsev also visited this country-for negotiations with US government officials, rather than with businesses.

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CHRONOLOGY

January 28 Defense Minister Grechko and party secretary Ponomarev address the opening session of an all-army conference of ideological workers in Moscow; their general endorsement of detente is echoed later in the day by trade union boss Shelepin in an address to a meeting of the Communist-front World Federation of Trade Unions in East Berlin. SALT's standing consultative commission convenes in Geneva. East German Politburo member Axen and Foreign Minister Fischer conclude a two-day, official visit to the USSR. USSR and Japan sign in Tokyo an agreement for \$152 million in Japanese credits for development of oil and natural gas resources in the shelf off Sakhalin Island. Former Czechoslovak party leader and president Novotny, who was ousted by the "Prague Spring" reformers in 1968, dies at age 70. Soviet Deputy Premier I. Novikov concludes his official visit to North Korea for talks on bilateral economic relations.

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_	Romanian Deputy Premier Radulescu arrives in North Vietnam for talks on bilateral economic cooperation.	25X1
January 29	Interparliamentary Union meeting opens in Belgrade.	25X1
	Politburo candidate-member Ponomarev confers with Greek Communist leader Florakis in Moscow.	25X1
January 30		0EV/
		25X ²
	A signed commentary in <i>Isvestia</i> contends that "significant new steps" toward arms control are a "vital necessity" for the USSR and the US.	
	Czechoslovak Minister of Fuel and Power Ehrenberger concludes an official, three-day visit to the USSR.	25X1
	MBFR negotiators convene in Vienna.	
	Warsaw Pact deputy foreign ministers conclude a two-day meeting in Moscow.	
	Politburo member Shelepin goes to Duesseldorf for a meeting with German Trade Union Federation chief Vetter; minor incidents mar the visit.	25X1
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January 31	SALT resumes in Geneva.	25X1
	Tass reports Soviet ships will sweep for mines in <u>large area near P</u> ort	
	Said, Egypt.	25X1
	Czechoslovak Foreign Minister Chnoupek	
	ends a five-day, official visit to	
	Finland.	25X1
	Izvestia announces the USSR will re-	
	value the ruble upward by 3 percent against the US dollar effective	
	tomorrow.	25X1
	President Podgorny confers the Order	
	of Lenin and a gold medal on Politburo	
	candidate-member Ponomarev, marking his 70th birthday, in Kremlin cere-	
	monies.	25X1
	Yugoslav-EC mixed committee begins	
	a four-day meeting in Brussels.	25X1
	Politburo member Shelepin flies to	
	West Germany after attending a three-	
	day extraordinary session of the World Federation of Trade Unions.	
	world redefaction of frade unions.	25X1
	Fedayeen delegation leaves Belgrade,	
	reportedly having secured diplomatic recognition for the Palestine Libera-	
	tion Organization's office there.	25X1

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February 1	Foreign Minister Gromyko commences a three-day, official visit to Syria.	25X1
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	Romanian President Ceausescu and Yugoslav emissary Dolanc conclude two days of talks at Timisoara on bilateral party matters and "some topical international questions."	25X1
•	East Germany and Japan sign their first trade agreement in Tokyo.	25X1
	Romanian Premier Manescu concludes his six-day, official visit to Syria.	25X <u>1</u>
	Prominent political commentator Yury Zhukov tells a Soviet television audience that the USSR will not pay off its \$722 million Lend-Lease debt, but that Brezhnev still plans to make his official visit to the US this	
•	year.	25X1
February 2	Foreign Minister Gromyko meets with Syrian President Asad, fedayeen leader Arafat, and Syrian Communists.	
		25X1
	Austrian Chancellor Kreisky concludes his four-day, "unofficial" visit to Zakopane, Poland, for talks with	
	Polish Premier Jaroszewicz.	25X1
February 3	Foreign Minister Gromyko leaves Syria and begins a three-day, official visit to Egypt; he has a three-hour meeting with Foreign Minister Fahmi, and the two sign consular and economic planning agreements as well as the	
	cultural protocol for 1975.	25X1
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	February 4	Romanian - North Vietnam trade protocol for 1975 is signed in Hanoi. Cosmonauts aboard Salyut-4 set a new Soviet record for time in space on one mission. Representatives of the EC Commission begin three days of talks in Moscow with CEMA officials. FUTURE EVENTS	25X1 25X1 25X1
25X1 25X1	Early February	Moroccan Prime Minister Osman to make an official visit to the USSR. Finnish Foreign Minister Karjalainen to make an official visit to the USSR.	
	February 7	UN Secretary General Waldheim to commence a three-day, official visit to East Germany.	25X1 25X1
25X1	February 13	US and USSR to resume in Moscow their talks on handling peaceful nuclear explosion devices in a threshold test ban treaty. UK Prime Minister Wilson to commence a five-day, official visit to the USSR.	25X1
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Defense Minister Grechko to begin a four-day, official visit to India.

Late French Foreign Minister Sauvagnargues expected to make an official visit to Poland.

Early March French parliamentary delegation led by former Foreign Minister Couve de Murville to make an official visit to the USSR.

March 4 26-nation Geneva disarmament conference, co-chaired by the US and the USSR, expected to convene.

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Romanian chief of staff Coman to begin a nine-day, official visit to

the US, the first by such a high-ranking officer from a Warsaw Pact member-state.

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March 17-22	its 11th Party Congress.	25X1
Late March	French Prime Minister Chirac to make an official visit to the USSR.	25X1
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